THURSDAY, *April* 28, 1768.

THE

[NUMB. 103.]

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Open to ALL PARTIES, but Influenced by NONE.

MONITOR X.

Quis autem amicior quam frater fratri; aut quem alienum fidum invenies, si tuis hostis fueris? * SALLUST.

IN the great and important queſtion now before us, my countrymen; a queſtion on which the liberty or bondage, the weal or woe, of millions *now*, and trains of millions *hereafter*, will depend; it is incumbent on us, to ſtudy the moſt perfect unanimity in ſentiment and action. Like a band of brothers, theſe colonies ſhould be firmly united, in defending the ſacred fire of freedom from being extinguiſhed. Our united efforts will be weighty, and in all probability ſucceſsful; if divided, we ſhall countera&t one another, and all our endeavours, to vindicate the conſtitution from ruin, and ourſelves from bondage, will be feeble and ineffectual. It is one common intereſt, that claims our union; the rights of every colony reſt upon the ſame foundation, and cannot be ſubverted in one, without being overthrown in all.

Our friends too, in *Great-Britain*, would be increaſed and encouraged by our unanimity in oppoſition; diviſions among ourſelves, would ſilence and diſhearten them. It is not to be hoped, that we ſhall find men in *Britain* faithful to our intereſts, if we ourſelves abandon them, or determined in their oppoſition to meaſures, injurious to us, while we appear divided or divided. It is unqueſtionably the wiſh and aim of our enemies in *Britain*, to enfeeble the intereſt of *America* there, to create in us a diſtruſt of our friends on the other ſide of the *Atlantic*, to excite an univerſal jealouſy of us in them, and to ſpread diſſenſion and diſmay among ourſelves by partial exertions of imperious and arbitrary rule. Theſe are the means, by which they hope the more effectually to diſturb, ſubdue and enſlave us; theſe are the views, with which they have changed the oppreſſive ſtamp-act into a not leſs oppreſſive, though more ſubtilely jeſuitical, duty, on certain *Britiſh* manufactures exported into *America*, have purſued the ſame arbitrary plan, under what we called and deemed an *American* adminiſtration, and have endeavoured to enforce abſolute obedience to the billeting act, by the ſuſpenſion of the Legiſlature in one province.

The colonies of *Virginia* and *Maſſachuſetts-Bay*, have, by their reſpective repreſentative, given their ſenſe of the ruinous tendency and arbitrary nature of theſe meaſures; in *Virginia* they have ſent petitions, memorials and remonſtrances, to the different branches of the *Britiſh* parliament, againſt all theſe acts, not excepting that for ſuſpending the legiſlative power of *New-York*, which they juſtly deem equally deſtructive to their own liberties, as to the rights of that particular province. While I rejoice in this tranſaction, I promiſe myſelf, that the influence of ſo noble and uſeful an example will be ſucceſsful, that every colony will in like manner, bear its teſtimony againſt theſe acts, and the principle upon which they are founded.

Next to the importance of unanimity among the colonies, in expreſſing their abhorrence of the arbitrary meaſures lately adopted againſt *American* freedom, ſtands that of the concurrence of the two branches of the Legiſlature, in each colony, the Aſſembly and Council, in remonſtrating againſt them, and petitioning for redreſs. Such a concurrence muſt give the greateſt weight and efficacy to our public proceedings, muſt place in the ſtrongeſt light the dignity and value of our rights, when no conſideration of place or profit can influence men to ſit in ſilence, and ſee them violated. This colony, I mention it with the higheſt ſatisfaction, has purſued ſuch a plan, the Upper Houſe of Aſſembly, having concurred with the Lower in all their proceedings againſt the late acts of parliament. Such unanimity in conduct, it is to be hoped, will be as univerſally imitated, as it muſt be generally approved; ſince it cannot but redound to the immortal honour of thoſe gentlemen, who thus ſacrifice every private conſideration to the public good, and the maintainance of our invaluable rights.

As the ſanction of the Legiſlature gives dignity and weight to the ſentiments of the people; ſo it muſt receive from them ſupport and ſtrength. It is therefore the duty of every individual to ſecond with his utmoſt abilities, the endeavours of the legiſlative powers in vindication of *American* liberty. It is now that we are called upon by every ſacred and valuable tie, by our own rights, by the rights of our children and their poſterity, by the veneration due to our free conſtitution, by the virtue, happineſs and glory, that ſpring from its admirable frame; to fruſtrate and repel every attempt of thoſe who would violate and corrupt it. It is at this juncture that frugality and induſtry will have double the beneficial influence which uſually flows from them, that harmony and ſpirit in thinking, ſpeaking and acting againſt uſurpation or oppreſſion, will reſtore and reanimate our liberties ſo as to preſerve them long ſafe and uninjured by ſimilar invaſions. It is now that every man ought to grave upon his free heart, this noble *Roman* determination.

——— *Manus hæc inimica tyrannis*
Ense petit placidam, ſub libertate, quietem.

To tyrants and to tyranny a foe, I will maintain my liberty at the hazard of my life.

I have thus adventured to lay before the public, in a ſeries of papers, my ſentiments on the preſent ſtate of affairs; to ſhew the nature and excellence of liberty, the vices, the miſeries and abaſement which ſlavery produces, to developе the artful deſigns of our enemies, the arbitrary tendency of their late conduct in *Britain*, the fatal conſequences that muſt inevitably follow our acquieſcence under the rights lately aſſumed and exerciſed over us, by the *Britiſh* parliament; and the neceſſity of an unanimous and determined oppoſition to the meditated ſubverſion of our conſtitutional freedom and happineſs.

It will be forever pleaſing to me if I have thrown any light on this very important ſubject, if I have aided the underſtanding of any one man, or infuſed into his mind the true and noble ſpirit of liberty, determining him to ſupport it with his lateſt breath.

I have now to take leave of my countrymen, which I ſhall do, in theſe words of the great, good and patriotic CICERO. *Duo modo hæc vota; unum, ut moriens populus romanus liberum relinquam, hoc mihi majus a diis immortalibus dari nihil poteſt; alterum, ut ita cuique eveniat, ut de republica quiſque meretur.* †

Two things I earneſtly wiſh, *that every man may be eſteemed in proportion to his real worth, and that I may ſtand my country free with my laſt breath.*

Such in that hour, as in all the paſt,
O ſave my country, Heaven! ſhall be my laſt.

ESTO PERPETUA.

† *Philippica* ii.

* *What tie can be ſtronger than the mutual intereſt of theſe colonies; or how can we expect fidelity from others, if we are not faithful to one another.*

A CARD.

MARCUS ſends his compliments to *Syphax* of *Numidia*. He cannot but expreſs his concern, that the *fly* which perched on the 28th day of *February* laſt, upon the *concave* of *Syphax*'s *ſounding dome*, ſhould give him ſo much pain, as to make him bewray himſelf in his ſtraiſings for wit; becauſe in ſuch an unhappy ſituation, neither man, muſe, nor mouſe, can give *a cleanly ſtroke*, or bite. But is not *Syphax* miſtaken in that tranſmigration of *Marcus*'s? Perhaps the fly was really a *bee*, led by the *ring* to an imaginary hive in queſt of ſweets; but finding it nothing more than the frying-pan tinkling of ſublimity, it unfortunately ſtrayed through a *thick grove of maſts ſtanding in hazy proſpect* on the *tides*, till it alighted upon the limb of a *dropſical oak*, that was juſt ready to *fall down* into the waves, in the ſhape of an oyſter boat, equipped no doubt to carry that *delicious food* to *Kicquotan*'s *famed ſtate-houſe*.——*Marcus* further deſires to wiſh, that *Syphax* did but know himſelf half as well as he fancies he does others; perhaps the public would not be troubled with any more of his conteſt; which we ſee (notwithſtanding a long and moſt *ſevere ſweat*, in the upper chambers of *Inquiſition*) cannot be modelled into any thing, but a very bad apology for *filling up* a blank that might be left open in a *Gazette*: For, had not *Marcus* juſt ſenſe enough to know the difference between men and things, he might probably extend his *unparallelled* travеſty, into a ſecond *canto* on *Syphax*'s *Montpelier*; where he deſcribes WORTH ſeemingly *diſclaiming*, not only juſt *applauſe*, but every *noble act that duty calls* for. A *Montpelier* by the account which his muſe has been pleaſed to give of it, without one inhabitant worthy of notice in it, beſides the Gentleman whoſe merit and modeſty, *Syphax* has ſo clangorouſly rung, in his own limping *Miltonics*. *Marcus* further thinks that *Back-River's flying fertile plains*, and "*Kicquotan*'s great town, famed for the baſtard ſons of *Criſpin* (Anglice coblers) remarkable (even againſt their long flagilating expertneſs in teaching birds to whiſtle) for their *dull banquating* on *luxuriant oyſters, the food of Kings*; are all great ſubjects for keen burleſque. But now a days, a muſe generally ſeems to be ſent as a kind of recruiting officer for neceſſity; and of courſe the author muſt goad her up to duty when ſuch a devil drives. If ſo, *Marcus* has good nature enough to pity any man in ſuch a condition, and to acknowledge if *Syphax* pleaſes, a *capacity in him*, that would much better employ his many *idle months*, in ſervices of more real advantage to a diſtreſſed country.

Vale tu quoque Syphax.

Should not the Printers admoniſh this author of the Conteſt, that he is ſomething contradictory to himſelf? In *Purdie*'s 17th of *December*, 1767; the Printer has leave to publiſh it in his paper, and the reader is admoniſhed, leſt he ſhould not ſee it, that the deſcription of *Norfolk* begins with an invocation of the muſe. Who could be ſo impudent as to do this but the author? Yet in *Purdie*'s 24th of *March*, it is ſaid that deſcription was inſerted in the Gazettes, contrary to the author's deſire.

Mr. RIND,

INSERT *the following lines in your next paper, and oblige*

Your conſtant reader,

M—— S——.

To the author of the Fable *of the* Owl *and* Swallow.

SUpremely bleſt with *Hibernian* head,
No critic groans beneath a load of lead.
To be a fool, and not to know it, is
A critic's comfort;—nay, his greateſt bliſs.
Fools in their follies pleaſure ſometimes find;
Such pleaſure, ſure, for critics was deſign'd,
Who launch beyond their depth, and not diſcreet,
Ne'er mark the point where ſenſe and dulneſs meet;
—Critics, who vent their malice and their ſpite,
In damning what they have not ſenſe to write;
And where ſuperior qualities abound,
Like grinning monkies ever to be found;
Who leap from tree to tree, diſdaining man,
Then grinning, peep——and peeping, grin again:
Till one, more handy than the reſt, comes down;
And, full of wiſdom, ſtrut upon the ground:
Then ſtrokes his chin, with gravity of face,
And gives a *fable* to the human race.
Crampt was his verſe, and more confin'd his ſenſe,
In all things doubtful but impertinence.
Dull was each line, pedantic, void of eaſe;
Not made for fools, yet, only fools did pleaſe;
Whoſe gaping mouths for iſſuing words prepar'd,
Whilſt owls and ſwallows at each other ſtar'd,
Aſtoniſh'd at his matchleſs impedence;
To offer inſult thus to common ſenſe.
At length, the owl, who could moſt *ſagely doſt*,
His *fable* read, and *tack'd* this *moral to't*.
" By virtuous rule conſider what is fit;
" And with your judgment, Sir, correct your wit;
" Not vainly boaſt if others you excel:
" Man's chiefeſt merit lies in doing well."
But here, he paus'd for recollection;
And then began with his reflection.
" The part of morals, is to teach mankind
" To ſearch in virtue's paths for peace of mind.
" Oft, when the judge declares the felon's doom,
" Might he, more juſtly, ſuffer in his room.
" Some are for wit, for judgment others fam'd;
" Who has not either need not be aſham'd:
" For theſe are gifts which Heaven doth beſtow;
" And wiſdom, is, to practiſe what we know."
Though faults, from which, we are ourſelves not free,
'Tis impudence to cenſure; all agree,
'Tis not thy caſe. O critic,—be it known,
None claim thy *fable*—it is *all* thy own.

BOSTON, March 24.

At an adjournment of the meeting of the freeholders and other inhabitants of this town, the following letter was reported by the committee appointed for that purpoſe, *viz.*

To the ingenious AUTHOR *of certain patriotic* LETTERS, *ſubſcribed*, A FARMER.

MUCH RESPECTED SIR,

WHEN the rights and liberties of the numerous and loyal inhabitants of this extenſive continent are in *imminent danger*—when the inveterate enemies of theſe colonies are not more aſſiduous to forge fetters for them, than diligent to delude the people, and zealous to perſuade them to an indolent acquieſcence: At this *alarming Period*, when to reſiſt is deemed a revolt; and to oppoſe ſuch meaſures as are injudicious and deſtructive, is conſtrued as a formal attempt to ſubvert order and government; when to reaſon is to rebel; and a *ready ſubmiſſion* to the rod of power, is ſolicited by the tenders of *place* and *patronage*, or urged by the menace of danger and diſgrace: 'Tis to YOU, worthy SIR, that *America* is *obliged*, for a moſt ſeaſonable, ſenſible, loyal, and vigorous vindication of her invaded rights and liberties: 'Tis to YOU, the DISTINGUISHED HONOUR is due; that when many of the friends of liberty were ready to fear its utter ſubverſion: Armed with truth, ſupported by the immutable laws of nature, the common inheritance of mankind, and learning on the pillars of the *Britiſh* conſtitution; YOU REARED A SHIELD OF BRASS, BROUGHT your ſide, [illegible] ruin, AWAKENED the [illegible] inactive to a ſenſe of danger, RE-INSPIRATED the hopes of thoſe, who had before entered themſelves in the cauſe of freedom, and inſtructed *America* in the *beſt meaſures* to obtain redreſs.

Nor is this weſtern world alone indebted to your wiſdom, fortitude and patriotiſm; *Great-Britain* alſo may be confirmed to you, that to be truly great and ſucceſsful, one muſt be juſt: That to oppreſs *America*, is to violate her own honours, defeat her brighteſt proſpects, and contract her ſpreading empire.

To ſuch eminent worth and virtue, the inhabitants of the town of *Boſton*, the capital of the province of the *Maſſachuſetts-Bay*, in full town meeting aſſembled, unanimously owe their earlieſt gratitude, eſteem and thanks for the ſame generous principles, which, together with ſo much luſtre to your character, inſpire them with ſo much reſpect for yours, that they will not fail warmly to recommend the ſame induſtriouſly to poſterity, that every future age may know the ſeveral motives, which ſo [illegible] neceſſary for the ſalvation of the whole.

Though ſuch ſuperior merit muſt meet applauſe in the cloſeſt receſs, even the diſtinguiſhed honour of having ſerved, and perhaps SAVED this people; [illegible] you modeſtly ſhun the deſerved [illegible] of *millions*; permit us to intrude upon your retirement, and ſalute the PATRIOT, the FRIEND of AMERICANS, and the common benefactor of mankind.

[illegible] above letter was read, and unanimouſly approved by the town, and ordered to be [illegible] in the ſeveral newspapers.

Atteſt. William Cooper, Town Clerk.

LONDON, February

A Private council was held yeſterday at the Cockpit, White-hall, at which the Lord Chancellor, and ſeveral of the [illegible] State aſſiſted, ſaid to be relative to the diſpatches received from the [illegible] colonies.

Yeſterday Sir George M'Cartney, appointed his Majeſty's [illegible] to the Ruſſian Court, was married by ſpecial licence to Lady Jane Stewart, daughter of the Right Hon. the Earl of Bute, at his lordſhip's houſe in Audley-ſtreet.

According to [illegible] letters from Conſtantinople, there is advice, that certain Arabians, at the back of Lake Aſſyrian, had diſcovered the Engliſh, that ſeveral hundred miles inland, there is a populous nation of white men, with beards, acquainted with the uſe of fire-arms, and poſſeſſed of a very fertile country, environed with mountains, but that their [illegible] language neither reſembled the French, Engliſh, or Dutch.

The Homet [illegible] of war, Captain [illegible] (under jury-maſts from North [illegible] Liverpool man of war, Capt. [illegible] from Cadiz, are [illegible] arrived at [illegible].

Bartholomew Vaſſe, of St. Thomas, near Clermont, died at Paris the 7th of laſt month, in the 102d year of his age, about 22 days before. He was married for the third time, and has left a child of 22 months old.

Letters from Paris mention the death of Madam Thoinard, (a Farmer-General's widow) noted for her riches and her avarice, having poſſeſſed 300,000 livres a year, and not expending 4000 crowns.

Feb. 3. We hear that a very curious bowl, richly adorned with gold and coſtly decorations, valued at no leſs than 2000l. is come home in the Nottingham Eaſt-Indiaman, as a preſent from the Nabob of Bengal to Governor Vanſittart.

Yeſterday morning was carried up to Richmond by water, as a preſent to their Majeſties, an elf lately brought over; this creature is of a mouſe colour; its head and ears like a mule, legs like a deer, is about twelve hands and a half high, very tame, but has no ſcut or tail, its neck is ſo ſhort, that it is obliged to kneel on its fore feet to the ſecond joint, in order to be able to feed. This is a male, the female brought as a companion to it, died on the paſſage. The age of this is about ten months, but when full grown, will be fifteen hands high.

They write from Paris, that there is [illegible] ſtarted up in that city two ſorts of philoſophical ſects. The one looks upon agriculture the only benefit of the ſtate; the other [illegible] its chief riches in trade and manufactures. The two parties are engaged in a pa[illegible]

THIS is to give Notice to the Public, that Col. *Byrd's* LOTTERY will certainly be drawn at the Capitol, in *Williamsburg*, the 16th of *November* next. Those who have their Money there as Prizes, are desired to bring their Tickets, and receive the Notes of responsible Merchants will be sufficient;

and spare not one another according to custom. This war is amusement and diversion to the public.

Feb. 4. Yesterday the right Hon. Henry Seymour Conway, Esq; kissed his Majesty's hand, on being appointed Colonel of the fourth Regiment of Dragoons, in the room of Sir Robert Rich, deceased.

We are assured, that the Right Hon. the Earl of Catham has resigned his place of Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal, and that a Commission is preparing, for appointing three persons to act pro tempore in that station, till another is appointed to succeed him.

Whitehall, Feb. 2. The King has been pleased to issue his commission under the Great Seal, authorizing and empowering Richard Sutton, William Blair, and William Frazer, Esqrs. or any two of them, to execute the office of Keeper of his Majesty's Privy Seal, for and during the space and term of six weeks, determinable nevertheless at his Majesty's pleasure: And also to grant, during his Majesty's pleasure, to the Right Hon. William Earl of Chatham, the said office of Keeper of his Majesty's Privy Seal, from and after the said term of six weeks, or other sooner determination of the said commission.

Thursday two persons were taken into custody, for inticing and engaging several journeymen tanners in Southwark, to go abroad into a foreign country, to teach the art of tanning leather, &c. and were committed to

We hear that several foreigners of distinction have taken places in Dr. Dodd's New Chapel, near Buckingham-gate, for the sake of improving themselves in the English language.

Feb. 6. The late Sir Robert Rich, Bart. is said to have died with large possessions, the bulk of which, amounting to more than one hundred thousand pounds comes to his son, General Rich, who succeeds him also in the title.—Sir Robert has, in particular, left 500l. a year to Lady Littelton, and 500l. a year in reversion to Sir Francis Blake Delaval, Knight of the Bath.

S. Large commissions have within these few days been received at London and Bristol, to ship goods for Pensacola and Mobille, in West-Florida.

Several of the inferior clergy, with some excellent persons, are going over to America to set up academies.

A Nobleman, who lately possessed an affluent fortune, is obliged to think of residing some time in France, till he brings up some late considerable losses at the gaming table.

Some Members of a certain county ****** have, we hear, absconded to avoid the first resentment of authority, in consequence of an extraordinary proposal to their R——s.

By letters from Philadelphia and Virginia, we are assured, that full one-third of the produce of those Colonies are imported from thence to the City of Glasgow only; which, if true, (and our authority is pretty good) may serve to give us an idea of the growing commerce of Scotland, far exceeding any notions we had formed of the extensive trade of this sister Kingdom.

We learn from Paris, that England now gives the fashion, in many particulars, to France, as much as that kingdom, in others, does to ours. The English tongue is now taught in almost every polite family, and no dancing goes down at court, or indeed in any elegant assembly, but English country dances, and English post-chaises in their streets and roads.

It is reported that the Mayor of a certain borough towards the west, lately sent a letter to one of the present representatives, that the price of his coming in again at the ensuing election would be 3500l. to which he returned the following noble and patriotic answer, *that he would never buy seats, as he never intended to sell them.* It is said, the above affair will shortly be laid before a certain great Assembly.

A letter from Bruton, near Wells, in Somersetshire, says, that upwards of thirty persons lost their lives in the late great snows: A Gentleman on horseback was dug out of the snow on the road near Mendip Hills, the man and horse being frozen to death; upwards of forty guineas, and some notes of value, were found in the Gentleman's cloak-bag.

WEDNESDAY, *February* 10.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

AN order, in consequence of a resolution of the House of Commons.

Lunæ 8 Die Februarii 1768.

Ordered, That Mr. Speaker do forthwith give notice, That such part of the capital stock of annuities after the rate of 4 pounds, per cent. established by an act made in the third year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An Act for granting to his Majesty several additional duties upon wines imported into this kingdom, and certain duties upon all cyder and perry, and for raising the sum of three million five hundred thousand pounds by way of annuities and lotteries to be charged on the said duties, as shall remain after the 5th day of July next, will be redeemed and paid off in manner following; that is to say, one half of such remaining part of the said capital stock of annuities on the 10th day of October next, and the other half being the residue of such capital stock, on the 5th day of January 1769, after discharging the interest due on each of the said days, upon the respective part of the said capital stock which is then to be redeemed and paid off, agreeable to the clauses and powers of redemption contained in the said Act.

Which resolution and order, thus signified and published by me, are to be sufficient notice for the repayment of the remaining part of the principal sum for which the said annuities were established, and of the redemption of the remainder of the said annuities.

J. CUST, Speaker.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Feb. 13.

"The Hon. House of Commons, on Wednesday last, waited upon his Excellency the Lord-Lieutenant, with a most dutiful address to his Majesty, and the following address to his Excellency:

"May it please your Excellency,

"WE his Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects the Commons of Ireland, in Parliament assembled, think it incumbent on us, to testify to your Excellency, our grateful sense of your Excellency's effectual endeavours in favour of the bill for limiting the duration of Parliaments in this Kingdom.

It is with the highest satisfaction we reflect, that the auspicious reign of our patriot Sovereign, has been distinguished by the return of a bill so essential to the constitution, and to the advancement of the protestant religion in this country: And we congratulate your Excellency upon an event which must add lustre to your Administration, and remain as a monument to posterity, of the disinterestedness and independency of this House."

Plymouth, Feb. 16. Notwithstanding immediate assistance was sent from this town to the ships lately wrecked on our coasts, such was the inhumanity of the country people, that they stole the greatest part of their cargoes.—What vile behaviour is this in a civilized country! In the western parts of England, the country people pray with as much fervency for a wreck, as they would for any of the blessings of life, and call it a God-send.

Edinburgh, Feb. 5. We hear that there is a scheme for building a new college in this city, the money to be gathered by voluntary subscriptions. This plan is properly divided into two parts; the lesser one will require about 10,000l. and is to consist of halls and teaching rooms for all the different professions. The large plan will also include dwelling-houses for all the Members of the University; this, it is supposed, will require about 20,000l. The lesser plan to be part of the larger, and the buildings for both to be carried on as far as money can be got.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 7.

We hear, from good authority, that Sir *William Johnson*, his Majesty's Superintendant for Indian affairs, has lately held a treaty with the Indians at his house at Johnson Hall, at which were present 750 of the six nations, Canewagas, and other Canada Indians, and 70 of the tribes inhabiting the banks of the Susquehanna. The greatest grievance complained of by the Indians, was the neglect of the confirmation of the boundary they had agreed to some years since, which was much aggravated by the white people settling on their lands, and by the late cruel murders committed by Stump, as well as by the killing of their people by the Virginians, of all which matters they were loud in their complaints; but upon their being assured, that the said boundary would be ratified and confirmed, by the orders of the Great King, at another meeting, to be held two months hence, and that all their other grievances should be redressed, they seemed pacified, and expressed their satisfaction. The compliments of condolance were made to them for their lost brethren, and considerable presents given to them, as well on behalf of his Majesty, as of the People of Pennsylvania; and the Indians finally agreed to bury the hatchet, cover the graves of the deceased, brighten the chain, and ratified all former treaties. As matters, therefore, are now brought to this happy issue, and the clouds that have been hanging over these colonies for some time, and seemed to prognosticate an Indian war, are happily dispelled, and likely to continue so, if the mad conduct of the frontier people does not give the Indians fresh cause of uneasiness; it is to be hoped, that every prudent and thoughtful person among us, in their several stations, will use their utmost endeavours to prevent any future complaints, and treat the Indians as our brethren and faithful allies; to which conduct our own interest, as well as every christian motive, should incite us.

A few days since, John Allen, and Joseph Shippen, Esquires, set out for Pittsburg, being appointed commissioners, in behalf of this province, to confer with, and make the compliments of condolance, in company with George Croghan, Esq; Sir William Johnson's deputy, to the western Indians, who are, it is said, there assembled in great numbers on another occasion; it is therefore to be hoped that these Indians will, as well as those at Sir William Johnson's, receive satisfaction, and retain peaceable and friendly dispositions towards our inhabitants. It is said they are directed to make them considerable presents.

By Captain Taylor, we learn, that the cold was more intense at New Orleans the beginning of January last, than ever was known by the oldest people there: That the Spanish troops were not arrived to take possession of Orleans the 15th of February, but were daily expected: That the Spanish Governor there had prohibited all trade with dry goods or Negroes being carried on at that place by either French or English: That trade was dull, and the markets at Orleans and Pensacola over-stocked with provisions: That Pensacola is settling fast by people who arrive daily from Europe, so that within the last 18 months near 200 houses have been erected there: That the place was very healthy; and that a large settlement was forming at the Natches, where the land is very good, and to be obtained on easy terms.

WILLIAMSBURG, *April* 28.

The Ruby, Capt. Fearon, is arrived in James river, in 7 weeks passage, and the Theodosia, Capt. Wylie, for Potowmack, both from London.

The America, Capt. Nocks, was expected to sail from London about the last of February, for James river.

There has lately been published in London, *An Apology for Lord Baltimore*, with an

Extract from the Town: upon which the Gentleman's Magazine for January last, has the following remarks:

The author of this piece says, that he has no motive to apologize for Lord Baltimore but his being condemned by the town; and he does not even pretend to have any knowledge of the transaction that makes an apology necessary. He insinuates, that though Lord Baltimore may have been guilty of seduction, yet there is great reason to believe he is not guilty of force: Seduction is a crime which it is this Gentleman's principal view to extenuate, notwithstanding the use of some expressions to save appearances. It is presumed, therefore, that if he has daughters, he will not be very solicitous to preserve them from the solicitations of a fine Gentleman, whose liberality may easily pay for the *trifle he takes*, and whose elegance and refinement of taste should by no means be disappointed of their object by any over nice scruples of fanaticism or superstition. One assertion, and but one in this book, deserves notice, and that, if true, would have prevented its publication. "When the circumstances of the case are such, says the "apologist, that they must bring the affair in"to a court of justice, I do not like to anti"cipate that judgment which it does not be"long to me to make."

The SPEECH *of the Speaker of the House of Commons, when he reprimanded* Philip Ward, *late Mayor of the city of* Oxford, John Treacher, *Sir* Thomas Munday, Thomas Wise, John Nicholes, John Philips, Isaac Lawrance, Richard Tawney, *all of the said city*, Thomas Robinson *and* John Brown, *late Bailiffs of the said city, upon their knees, at the bar of the said House, upon* Wednesday *the 10th day of* February, 1768.

THE offence of which you have been guilty has justly brought you under the severe displeasure of this House: A more enormous crime you could not well commit, since a deeper wound could not be given to the constitution itself, than by the open and dangerous attempt which you have made to subvert the freedom and independance of this House.

The freedom of this House is the freedom of this country, which can continue no longer than while the voices of the electors are uninfluenced by any base or venal motive; for if abilities and integrity are no recommendation to the electors, if those who bid highest for their voices are to obtain them from such detestable considerations, this House will not be the Representatives of the people of *Great-Britain:* Instead of being the guardians and protectors of their liberties, instead of redressing the grievances of the subject, this House itself will be the authors of the worst of grievances; they will become the venal instruments of power to reduce this happy nation, the envy and admiration of the world, to the lowest state of misery and servitude. This is the abject condition to which you have attempted to bring your fellow subjects.

Many circumstances concur to aggravate your offence. The place of your residence was a singular advantage. You had at all times the example of one of the most learned and respectable bodies in *Europe* before your eyes. Their conduct, in every instance, but especially in the choice of their Representatives in Parliament, was well worthy your imitation.

You are magistrates of a great city. In such a station, it was a duty peculiarly incumbent upon you to watch over the morals of your fellow citizens, to keep yourselves pure from venality, and to prevent, by your influence, those under your government from being tainted by this growing and pestilential vice. How have you abused this trust! You yourselves have set the infamous example of prostitution, in the most public and daring manner.

Surely you must have felt some remorse from the generous disdain with which your corrupt offer was rejected by your Representatives. They thought, and justly thought, that a seat in this House, obtained by a free and independent choice of their constituents, was the highest honour to which a subject can aspire; and that discharging their duty, as such Representatives, was the noblest of services. Sorry I am to say, that these considerations do not appear to have had the least weight with you.

However, you have at last acknowledged your guilt; and, by your petition yesterday, you seem conscious of the enormity of your offence. This House, in the terror of its judgments, always thinks upon mercy; nor do they ever inflict punishment but for the sake of example, and to prevent others from becoming the objects of their resentment.

The censure passed upon you will, they hope, have that effect. You are now the objects of their mercy, and are brought to the bar to be discharged.

May you be penetrated with a due sense of their justice and lenity! May you atone for your past offence, by your constant endeavours to make a right use of the invaluable privileges which you enjoy as electors! Consider these privileges as a sacred trust reposed in you. Discharge it with integrity.

But, before you rise from your present posture, I do, in obedience to the commands of this House REPRIMAND you.

I am now to acquaint you that you are discharged, paying your fees.

NEW-CASTLE, *April* 11, 1767.

A GOOD JOURNEYMAN TAYLOR will meet with great encouragement. BENNETT WHITE.

IF *John Rawlins* and *Thomas Rawlins* (the sons of *John Rawlins* and *Jane* his wife, deceased) formerly of the county of *Lancaster*, will return to the said county between the date hereof, and the 10th day of *May*, 1769, they may hear of something to their advantage.

DALE CARTER,
SAMUEL YAP.

APRIL 14, 1768.

To be SOLD *at* PUBLIC AUCTION, *in pursuance and by virtue of a deed of trust, at* King and Queen *court house, on* Monday, *the ninth day of next month,*

ABOUT FIFTY ACRES of valuable DRAGON SWAMP (on which is a large quantity of Cyprus timber) adjoining the lands of Mr. *Richard Wyatt* and Capt. *John Smith*, in *King and Queen* county, belonging to the estate of Major *Harry Gaines*, deceased. Credit will be allowed till the 19th day of *December* next, the purchasers giving bond and security to the administrators of *John Robinson*, Esq; deceased.

To be SOLD, *by virtue and pursuant to a deed of trust, made by Captain* John Jennings *to* Richard Hanson, *at the plantation whereon the said* Jennings *now lives, in* Lunenburg, *on* Wednesday, *the 11th day of* May *next,*

SEVENTEEN valuable SLAVES, amongst which are some some choice VIRGINIA born young fellows; also cattle and horses; for ready money, which must be paid immediately, or the effects sold again.

RICHARD HANSON, Trustee.

To be SOLD *for ready money only, at public auction, by virtue of a decree of the General Court, in favour of* Peter How, *Esq; and Messrs.* Lenox, Scott, *& Co. Plaintiffs, against* Godfrey Humbert *and* Andrew Weaver, *Defendants, at the house of* Philip Bousb, *in* Winchester, *on the 7th day of* June, *being* Frederick *Court day (if not, the Court following,)*

A CERTAIN house and half lot, situate on the north side of the run, in *Cameron* street, in the town of *Winchester*, lately the property of the said *Humbert*. Any person inclining to purchase, may be informed of further particulars by applying to Mr. *Charles Yates*, or *James Somervell*, in *Fredericksburg*, or to *Alexander White*, attorney at law in *Winchester*, who will shew the premises.

To be SOLD *by public auction, on the 12th day of* August *next (if any Court that month, if not, on* Friday *the 16th of* September, 1768) *for ready money only, at the house of* Peter Steenbergen, *in* Romney, Hampshire *county*, Virginia, *the following tracts of* LAND, viz.

ONE tract containing 180 acres; one other tract containing 165 acres; one other tract containing 24 acres. These tracts lie contiguous, and join Mr. *Rolfe's* salt petre works, in the said county; and it is expected to contain some valuable banks of salt petre. The land is in general very good, well watered and timbered, and contains a large quantity of bottom. There is a good dwelling-house upon it, with a kitchen, and other conveniencies. Also a tract of 300 acres, joining Col. *Abraham Hite*, in the said county. This is likewise extremely well watered and timbered, and contains near 300 acres of meadow. Any person inclining to purchase, may be informed of further particulars, by applying to the subscriber in *Fredericksburg*, to the said *Peter Steenbergen*, who will shew the land, or to *Alexander White*, attorney at law in *Winchester*. JAMES SOMERVELL.

To be SOLD *by the Subscriber,*

A PLANTATION in *King & Queen* county, containing about 200 acres, more or less: Any person inclinable to purchase may know the terms by applying to Mr. *William Talliaferro*, whom I have impowered to dispose of the same, who also joins the said plantation 2

WILLIAM FINNIE.

STOLEN or strayed from the subscriber in *June* last, a bay horse, 8 years old last spring, about 14 hands high, paces very well with good courage, and requires to be held with a tight rein, has a large star in his forehead, both hind feet white, one fore foot spotted, a patch on his off hind thigh darker than the rest, being galled by plowing, and is remarkable for stamping at his food. He is branded on the near shoulder HS very dull, and on his near buttock IC in a piece, very plain. Whoever will contrive the said horse to me in the *Robinson* fork, in *Culpeper* county, shall receive 20s. reward, and no questions asked by. RICHARD VAWTER.

The subscriber now keeps TAVERN in the house where Mr. *Bacon* formerly lived, in NORFOLK, and hopes for the favours of her friends, and the public, who may be assured of good entertainment, and the most obliging usage, from their most obedient humble servant,

MARY PULLET.

Williamsburg, April 27, 1768.

THE subscriber has removed to the brick house, opposite to Mr. *Roger's* store, where he continues to repair horizontal, plain, and repeating watches and clocks, and will keep watches in repair by the year, at a very reasonable rate. JAMES PATTERSON.

THIS is to give notice that there is a black mare at the plantation of the subscriber, near Mr. *Hancock's* in *Loudoun* county, branded with A on the near buttock, about 12 years old. Appraised to 6l. JOHN SICKLER.

TAKEN up in *Stafford* county, near the mouth of *Chappawansick*, on the lower side, five head of sheep, two black ones, and three white ones, marked with a crop and an underkeel in the right ear, and a slit in the left ear; appraised to 1l. 5s. JEREMIAH KNIGHT.

TAKEN up in *Stafford* county, near *Aquia* warehouse, on the 17th of *October* last, a large sorrel mare, and a last spring's mare colt, of a sorrel bay colour, a natural pacer; the mare paces and trots both, and has a sprig tail, and branded on the near shoulder R. They were posted the 9th of *November*, 1767. PETER KNIGHT.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in *Loudoun* county, near the *Broad run* of *Potowmack*, a bay mare, about 13 hands and an half high, with a star in her forehead, branded on the near shoulder N, and on the off shoulder with something resembling a woman's stirrup iron; she both paces and trots. Appraised to 4l. JAMES MILLS.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in *Stafford* county, a dark bay mare, about 4 feet 2 inches high, branded on the near buttock SI, and on the near shoulder IS. Appraised to 4l. ELIZABETH COOKE.

Pittsylvania, April 2, 1768.

A SCHEME

For disposing of (by way of Lottery) the several valuable tracts of LAND *that are below mentioned, belonging to the subscriber.*

Contents of the Prizes.	No.	Val. £.
A TRACT of 100 acres of land, 40 acres of which are good low grounds, on *Roanoke* river, in *Mecklenburg* county, with an established ferry belonging to it; and also 700 acres on *Neuse* river, *North Carolina*; about 200 acres thereof very good low grounds, and the high land very good.	1	500
A tract of 950 acres in *Amherst* county, on *Stoval's* creek, being fine tobacco land, and within 3 or four miles of *Stoval's* ferry, on *James* river, from whence tobacco, &c. are transported to market down by water.	1	250
A tract of 300 acres on the said *Stoval's* creek, adjoining the last-mentioned tract, being also extraordinary good tobacco land.	1	120
A tract of 361 acres on *Stoval's* creek aforesaid, being also good tobacco land.	1	80
A tract of 357 acres on the south side of *Roanoke*, in *Mecklenburg*, being kind free land, and tolerable good for tobacco.	1	80
An entry of 640 acres of good land, on *Fall* creek, near the *Neuse* tract.	1	50
A tract of 400 acres on *Stoval's* creek, adjoining the other tracts on the said creek.	1	40
A prize to be paid in cash, out of the produce of the lottery.	1	75
Twenty-five at £.5, to be paid as aforesaid.	25	125
33 Prizes, - - -		£.1300
227 Blanks, - - -		
260 Tickets at £.5. - -		£.1300

Those that purchase tickets are only required to give their bonds for the money, payable when the lottery is drawn, which is to be on *Monday* the 24th day of *October* next, at the *Rocky Ridge*, under the management of *Clement Read, Isaac Read, Paul Carrington, Matthew Marable, Robert Munford* of *Mecklenburg, Henry Delony, David Garland, William Taylor, John Winn, David Mason, Gray Briggs, John Rolling, William Cabell, Joseph Cabell, Alexander Trent, Peterfield Trent, Thomas Jefferson* of *Albemarle*, and *George Robertson* of *Chesterfield*, Gentlemen, who will be impowered to execute conveyances for the prizes drawn by the fortunate adventurers, and of whom tickets may be had, also at both the Printing-Offices, and of the subscriber. 7m GEORGE JEFFERSON.

TAKEN up in *Prince William*, a small black gelding, with a star in his forehead, and saddle spots on his back, near the withers, branded on the off buttock IL, and has a bell on. There appears to be the marks of a brand on his near buttock, but the letters cannot be made out. Posted and appraised to 30s. HENRY LEE.

New-Kent, April 20, 1768.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's stable, the 31st of *March* last, at night, a white horse, about 14 hands high, well made, branded on the near buttock ID, has a bob tail, his mane has been cut off, and is now about half grown out. He trots well, and has good life. Whoever will deliver the said horse to the subscriber, shall receive thirty shillings reward, besides what the law allows, paid by WILLIAM CLAYTON.

To be SOLD, by virtue of a deed of trust made us by Mr. ROBERT HUTCHINGS, *in* DINWIDDIE *county,*

SUNDRY tracts of LAND. One hundred and fifty acres of land in *Mecklenburg* county, near *Rossier's* ferry, on the south side of *Roanoke* river, also four hundred acres of land contiguous to the above land, on *Monday* the 23d of *May* next. Four hundred acres of land on *Juniper* Creek, in *Lunenburg* county, on *Thursday* the 19th day of *May* next. One hundred and fifty acres of land on *Cox's* road, about twenty miles from *Petersburg*, whereon Mr. *Hutchings* formerly lived, also one hundred and fifty acres, also one hundred acres of land on the same road, about a mile higher up, whereon the said *Robert Hutchings* now lives, known by the name of *Wynne's* Ordinary, on the 17th day of *May* next. Each tract of land to be sold on the premises on the day of sale, on twelve months credit, on giving bond and security to

DUNCAN ROSE,
JOHN JENNINGS, } Trustees.

A SCHEME *of a* LOTTERY, *for disposing of sundry* LANDS, *and* SLAVES, CATTLE, *and* HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, *belonging to the subscriber.*

Priz. Val.	Contents of the Prizes.	
1—500	A PIECE of LAND, in *Spotsylvania*, near the centre of the county, containing by estimation, 360 acres; whereon is upwards of 500l. in buildings, mostly new, for which I, about 7 years ago, refused 750l. a remarkable place for a public house, the court, when removed from *Fredericksburg*, was usually held, and where, in all likelihood, if ever finally removed, would be placed; several fine young orchards, apple, peach and cherry.	L. 500
2— 55	A Negro man *Sam*, about 40 years old, cost me 56l. about 6 months ago. A lot and houses in *Fairfax* town, *Culpeper* county, sold for 45l. cash seven years ago, for which I gave L.68:16:8 about one year ago.	110
1— 50	A piece of land on *Mattapony* river, supposed to contain one hundred acres, cost me 50l. a few months ago.	50
2— 45	A Negro man *Africk*, about 30 years old, has one bandy knee, a trusty healthy fellow. A Negro girl *Nan*, about 12 years old; I paid 33l. cash for her about two years ago, a fine girl, raised in the house, and very handy.	90
20— 5	Twenty lots of cattle to be valued after drawing.	100
20— 5	Valuable houshold furniture, chiefly new.	100
46 Prizes, - - -		L. 950
144 Blanks.		

190 Tickets at 5l. L. 950.

The drawing to be at the *Long Ordinary* in *Fredericksburg*, on *Wednesday* the 26th of *October* next. The managers are Mr. *Roger Dixon* and Mr. *Harry Mitchell*, of whom tickets may be had, and Capt. *William Johnston*, near *Caroline* Court-house, Mr. *Paul Thilman*, at *Hanover* Court-house, Mr. *Richard Johnston*, at *Culpeper* Court-house, and of the subscriber.

The lands may be entered on immediately after drawing, and the other particulars delivered up. No imposition can be suggested, the whole being rated greatly below their real value. The reason of my falling on this method, is (I assure the public) to pay my debts, and prevent imposition; and that too prevailing custom falling on me, which has on many in this colony, *i. e* selling estates by execution at half value. As this I affirm is the motive, I hope it will meet with applause and encouragement. Such who will oblige me in forwarding it, shall assuredly meet with the unfeigned thanks of

Their most obedient humble servant,

BENJAMIN JOHNSTON.

Chesterfield county, April 18.

RUN away from the subscriber, on *Wednesday* the 23d of *December* last, a Mulatto fellow named *Aaron*, about 5 feet 10 inches high, 19 or 20 years old, and marked on each cheek, I. R. though the letters are not very plain; the said fellow calls himself *Aaron Griffin*, as I understand, and he passes by that name as a freeman. All masters of vessels are desired to be careful not to carry him out of the colony, as they may depend on being prosecuted with rigour, if it can be proved. Whoever secures him, and delivers him to me, shall receive five pounds reward, if taken in this colony, and ten pounds if taken in any other. HENRY RANDOLPH.

STOLEN from the landing, near the public wharf, at *Norfolk*, the 5th of *March* at night, a moses boat, about 15 feet keel, without her stern head, her middle thwart split, fixed for two sails, her gunnel streak painted red, and part of her stern seat gone. Whoever will deliver her to Capt. *Neil Jamieson*, at *Norfolk*, shall have twenty shillings reward, provided he satisfies Capt. *Jamieson* that he came honestly by her. ALSO,

STOLEN by 4 seamen, who run off from the schooner *Sharpe*, in *Potapsco*, on *Sunday* night the 13th of *March*, a clinch boat, which rows with 4 oars, and goes with a sail. Whoever will secure the said boat so that I get her again, shall have twenty shillings reward, and twenty shillings for each seaman, that is delivered to the man of war, lying at *Norfolk*.

N. B. They stole a white cloth waistcoat, 5 blankets, two boat sails, and sundry things. Their names are *Henry Halcrow, Joseph Monks, John Montgomery*, and *James Smith*. *Halcrow* has a quadrant and sundry books.

RUN away from the schooner *Sharpe*, about the 14th of *February*, a Negro fellow named *Cambridge*, who formerly belonged to Mr. *Benjamin Hubbard*, Mr. *Pye Chamberlaine*, and Col. *George Braxton*; he is so well known as to need no other description. As he has a wife at almost every landing on *Rappahannock, Mattapony*, and *Pamunkey* rivers, I beg the favour of all that are settled on the above rivers, to have their Negro quarters searched for him. I will give forty shillings reward, besides what the law allows. He is outlawed. JOHN HOLLADAY.

TAKEN up in *Cumberland*, near the mouth of *Randolph's* creek, a sorrel mare, about 4 feet 6 inches high, with a blaze in her face, some saddle spots, a hanging mane and switch tail, and branded on the off buttock O. THOMAS TABB.

To be SOLD for ready money, wet or dry goods, tobacco, or any other merchantable vendible commodities, or on short or long credit,

ABOUT THREE THOUSAND ACRES of LAND, in *Cumberland* county, with 5 plantations, an ordinary and store houses, a water gristmill with two pair of stones thereon, and many other improvements and appurtenances: Also about 1000 acres on the waters of Falling river, in *Bedford* county; and 400 acres near *Cotton* town, in the same county; likewise about 1200 acres near *Catawba* creek, in *Augusta*; and all my right in grants on the *Mississipi* and *Holston* waters; my own share, or part thereof, amounting in the whole to more than seventy thousand acres. For terms apply to Col. *George Carrington*, or his son *George*, in *Cumberland* county, or the subscriber in *Bedford*, who hereby giveth notice, that he hath very lately discovered on his land, in *Bedford* county, four large iron banks, two of which may be more properly called iron mountains, all within three miles of *James* river, convenient to water carriage, and good places for a mill on the said water, and plenty of timber of all sorts; and as he is determined, as soon as he possibly can, to erect such kind of iron works as he can compleat, in order to make iron, and as he is unacquainted with such affairs, is desirous of taking in some partners that are skilful in such works, and capable of assisting him in contriving and carrying on so useful an undertaking. NICHOLAS DAVIES.

WHEREAS I have a large quantity of good land for sale, in *Bedford* and *Pittsylvania* counties, both high and low grounds, from ten pounds price to thirty; amongst which are about 7000 acres, which I am authorized to sell for Col. *Archibald Cary*, on *Goose* creek, and *Wolf* creek. It is well timber'd, and well water'd, and one of the best places in our county for range. Any person inclinable to purchase, may see the land, by applying to their humble servant, near *Bedford* court-house. 6m. WILLIAM MEAD.

CABIN POINT, *March 20, 1768.*

I INTEND to leave the Colony soon. ALEXANDER MURRAY.

DAVID and *Aaron* ran away from the mines in *Buckingham* some time ago, and are now lurking about Mrs. KENNON's in *Chesterfield*, and *Kennon's* warehouse in *Charles City*, where they are both so well known as to need no description. They may be taken with little trouble, and I will give 5l. for each of them delivered to me, or 2l. if to any person in my service, or confined in prison. 6w. WILLIAM KENNON.

TAKEN up in *Pittsylvania*, on *Banister* river, about 7 miles from the old court-house, a small roan horse, branded on the near buttock S, with a break in his face: Also a small white mare, branded on the off buttock W. Posted and appraised, the horse to 2l. 5. and the mare to 2l. JAMES CALDWELL.

TAKEN up in *Pittsylvania*, a small black horse, branded on the near buttock X; has a star in his forehead, and an under keel in each ear: Also a small black mare, branded E; her two hind feet are white, and has a star in her forehead. They had both small bells on. Posted and appraised, the horse to 2l. 10, and the mare to 2l. 5. JAMES CALDWELL.

TAKEN up in *Frederick*, a bay mare and colt, the mare about 13 hands and a half high, branded on the near shoulder I, and on the near buttock T; has been posted and appraised to 6l. 10. MARY WOOD.

THE subscriber continues carrying on the business of disposing of any kind of goods and merchandize, for cash or credit, on commission, at the *Fork of Cent*, which he hopes, being [illegible] and his past transactions such, as will [illegible] those who have been pleased to favour him with their custom, to continue it. Owners of goods sent for sale, may have their bonds and cash in six hours after the conclusion of the sale, if required, and mentioned before the sale. He has, as yet, at the conclusion of any sale, advanced the money when required, without rendering any bad debts, and hopes it will be convenient for him to continue doing it. All goods sent to be disposed of shall be received with the greatest care taken off the vessels, into a convenient store without the least damage; and all goods sent to his care, to be conveyed from any one part to another by way of sale, shall be taken care of and stored, by such as intend keeping warehouses and stores for that purpose; not finding as yet, the goods lodged with him for any other part would pay the expence of keeping such conveniences.

As he intends to continue transacting every thing employed in, agreeable to his former Advertisement, with the utmost punctuality and dispatch, with his endeavours to do every thing for the best, for those who are pleased to employ him, he hopes the encouragement he has hitherto met with, and desires it no longer than he deserves it. JOSEPH CALVERT.

N. B. As a gentleman, who advertises carrying on the same business proposes keeping a chest, to hold the goods till the conclusion of the sale, in order to enable him to make speedy remittances, it may not be amiss to acquaint all persons that may send goods to me, to dispose of at public sale, that if they choose, I should make use of the same method, and the quantity of goods is not too large for a common sized chest, that I will do it; or if they will find the chest, I will sell from the smallest to the largest quantity, and charge no commissions; but would not recommend making use of any chest at all, well knowing the goods will not sell for so much by one third; besides giving myself an opportunity of purchasing the greatest part, at a rate that I may make myself full satisfaction for selling at so low a commission. J. C.

THIS is to request the favour of all my creditors, to meet me at the brick house of Mr. *Gabriel Maupin*, in *Williamsburg*, the 2d day of next month, as I intend to execute a deed of trust to some Gentlemen approved by my creditors, to vest my estate in, the profits of which are to be applied to the payment of my debts, in proportion to the several demands of each creditor, and to obtain from them their letter of licence.

Those few of my creditors, who have not been applied to by letter, or otherwise, I hope will attend, or some person authorized to act for them. PHIL. JOHNSON.

YORK, APRIL 21. WANTED, a single woman, well qualified for a HOUSE-KEEPER, in a Gentleman's family: Any such that can be well recommended will meet with encouragement by applying to the Printer of this paper.

Norfolk, April 6, 1768.

A SMALL sheeted box, marked ID, and a cask of nails, marked IM in a diamond, and below the diamond with a D, imported from *Glasgow* some time ago, and sent from *James* river to the care of the subscriber, without saying who they were for. Those whose property they are may have them, paying the expence of advertising. ARCHIBALD WHITE

Westmoreland, April 10, 1768.

THOSE who are indebted to the estate of Col. JOHN LEE, deceased, are requested to be punctual in making payment, according to the conditions of the sale, that I may have it in my power to satisfy the creditors (to whom I am much obliged for their long patience and forbearance. Mr. JOHN LEE, in *Essex* county, will settle with, and give proper discharges to the debtors, and pay off the creditors as expeditiously as the former will put it in his power. MARY LEE, acting Exᵉˣ.

To be SOLD *by virtue of deeds of trust, at the town of* Dumfries *in* Prince William *county, on* Monday *the 6th day of* JUNE *next, to the highest bidder, the following tracts of land,* viz.

ABOUT 470 acres, whereon Col. *Henry Peyton* now lives. This tract lies in *Prince William*, within 18 miles of *Dumfries* and *Colchester*, is level, the soil good, well watered, joining upon *Broad-Run* a considerable distance, has a valuable grist-mill upon it, convenient houses, and upwards of 100 acres of cleared land, in good order for either planting or farming.

Two hundred and twelve acres lying upon the same run, about a mile higher up, great part of which is valuable low ground. There is also on this, a considerable quantity of cleared land and several houses.

One hundred acres lying upon the branches of *Lucky-Run*, in the same county.

Seventeen hundred and ten acres lying upon *Little* river, in the county of *Fauquier*, on which is a large proportion of meadow land, and not above 45 miles from navigation.

Two hundred and fifty-four acres in the said county of *Fauquier*, in which the said *Peyton* is tenant by the courtesy.

And 293 acres in the county of *Frederick*. Twelve months credit will be given, the purchasers entering into bond, with sufficient security. Five *per cent.* discounted for ready money.

CUTHBERT BULLITT.

March 29, 1768.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there are now remaining in *John Bolling*'s warehouse, *Chesterfield* county, 31 hogsheads of tobacco, number, weight and names, as follow, which have been inspected upwards of three years.

No.	Gross.	Nett.	Tare.	
287	1075	944	131	William May.
262	1225	1111	114	Charles Anderson.
1090	1181	1077	104	Jacob Morgan.
690	1210	1082	128	Joseph Johnson.
254	1155	1030	125	Francis Dison.
872	1310	1171	139	Est. of Peter Jones.
834	1417	1303	114	John Old.
383	1350	1214	136	Thomas Dance.
602	1300	1188	112	Thomas Dudley.
817	965	846	119	John Archer.
1086	1174	1048	126	Huchins Burton.
1092	1296	1171	125	David Grenhill.
285	1205	1078	127	John Tucker.
1219	1275	1150	125	Humph. Hendrick.
583	1404	1274	130	Henry Dennis.
391	1255	1134	121	William Wilson.
1264	1030	915	115	Ditto.
550	1260	1140	120	William Alling.
244	1335	1201	134	Richard Cros.
457	1163	1058	105	William Rowlet.
542	1390	1245	150	Solomon Howart.
1072	1160	1025	135	Jacob Morgin.
718	1304	1186	118	Richard Jones.
1453	1181	1057	124	Est. of Pet. Jones.
1253	1242	1146	96	
1383	1315	1193	122	
915	1084	952	1[illegible]	
1277	954	820	1[illegible]	
1111	1320	1190	130	
1254	950	830	120	
70	1235	1110	125	

The last 7 hogsheads no owners names to be found. ARCHER & RANDOLPH.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber, in *Louisa* county, in *May* 1767, a bay mare colt, three years old next Summer, docked and branded thus ⁘ Whoever will give intelligence of the said colt so that she may be had, shall receive fifteen shillings reward, paid by me

ISHAM RICHARDSON.

TAKEN up in AMHERST, a bay MARE, 4 years old, 4 feet 5 inches high, branded on the near buttock T P. Posted, and appraised to 41. 10s.

JAMES WRIGHT.

King & Queen, April 18.

RUN away from the subscriber, the 3d instant, a convict servant man, named *Philip Helenford*, calls himself *Allinford*, imported in the *Justitia*, Capt. *Somerville*, last fall; he was born in SUFFOLK, a town in *England*, is spare made, lively and active, about 5 feet 10 inches high, ruddy complexion, has a fair skin under his cloaths, though it appears brown where exposed, much pitted with the small pox, thin visaged, large nose, black eyes and hair, which is about three inches long, he is, by his own account, about 26 years of age, speaks quick, and seems sometimes to have an impediment in his speech, understands farming, and can do rough brick or stane work, having been a labourer to one of that calling in *England*; he carried with him, a dark snuff coloured coat much worn, with white metal buttons; a *Virginia* cotton cloth waistcoat striped with blue and yellow, a plaid do. bound with red ferret, *English* leather breeches, two old white linen shirts, two oznabrigs do. a pair of *Scotch* yarn hose, blue and white; a pair of channel pumps with steel buckles in them, also a pair of *Virginia* made shoes tied with strings, a felt hat, and a yarn cap covered with squirrel and hare skins; his cloaths he may have changed, and got his hair cut off, and may have forged a pass, as he has been very intimate with a taylor that lived not far off; he is very fond of drink, though not quarrelsome when drunk. He cannot write nor read, and I am apprehensive he will endeavour to pass for a sailor, and get on board some ship bound for *England*; therefore I desire all masters f vessels, as well as other persons whatsoever, not to employ or entertain the said servant. Whoever will take up the said runaway, and deliver him to me, shall receive a reward of 40s. and all reasonable charges allowed for travelling expences.

WILLIAM TODD.

TAKEN up in *Chesterfield*, a black mare, about 7 years old, and about 4 feet 6 inches high; has a switch tail and hanging mane, branded on the near buttock K, with a stroke through the back of it. Posted and appraised to 31.

GRIEF RANDOLPH.

To be RENTED *for a Term of Years, as may be agreed on,*

THE LONG ORDINARY at *Bedford* court-house, formerly kept by *Francis Thorp*, for fifty pounds *per* year, with all convenient houses, gardens, pastures, and fifty or sixty acres of good corn or wheat land, all which are in good repair. WILLIAM CALLAWAY.

TAKEN up at the head of *Goose* creek, in *Bedford* county, a small bay horse, branded on the near shoulder N, has a scar on the off buttock, and both hind feet white. Posted and appraised to 41.

NICHOLAS WELSH.

TAKEN up at the head of *Goose* creek, in *Bedford* county, a brown stallion colt, about 3 years old, branded on both shoulders and off buttock M. Posted and appraised to 31. 15s.

NICHOLAS WELSH.

TAKEN up in *King & Queen*, a light grey horse, about 4 feet 5 inches high, branded on the near buttock W.

EDWARD CARLTON.

TAKEN up in the lower end of *Orange*, a black horse colt, cut, dock'd, and branded on the near buttock ID, as well as I can make out. He is about two years old, his near hind foot is white. Posted and appraised to £. 1:7:6.

REUBIN DANILL.

TAKEN up in *Bedford* county, at the mouth of *Flat* creek, a small bay mare, branded on the near shoulder, but I can't tell what with. She has had her near thigh broke or much hurt, so that she goes lame on it.; has some white hairs in her forehead, and pretty full of saddle spots. Posted and appraised to 21. 10.

HENRY EIDSON.

TAKEN up in *Bedford* county, a dark bay mare, about 4 feet, 4 inches high, about ten years old, has a large blaze down her face to the end of her nose, and two glass eyes, not branded as can be perceived, trots and paces. Posted and appraised to 21. 10.

WILLIAM DUNAWAY.

TAKEN up in *Amelia* county, a yellow brinpled steer, about five years old, marked with a crop and two slits in the left ear, the other ear long. Posted and appraised to £. 3:5.

HENRY ANDERSON.

TAKEN up in *Bedford* county, on *Stanton* river, a white mare about 4 feet 2 or 3 inches high, not dock'd, branded on the near buttock X, on the near shoulder S, on the off shoulder I, and on the rump C. She is a trotter, and is posted and appraised to 21.

HENRY HAYNES.

TAKEN up on *Rock* creek, a grey mare, about four or five years old, branded on her three quarters PH in a piece. Posted and appraised to 31. 15.

RICHARD CUNDIFF.

TAKEN up in *Bedford* county, on *Beaverdan* creek, a small bay horse, about 4 years old, and about 4 feet 4 inches high, has a small star in his face, and a small snip on his nose, neither branded nor dock'd, trots naturally.

MATTHEW PATE.

TAKEN up in *Buckingham* county. on *Hatcher*'s creek, a grey horse about 4 feet 7 or 8 inches high, 8 years old last spring, has several saddle spots, with a roach mane and bob tail, branded on the near shoulder B, and on the near buttock D. The inside of his off hind foot is white, has a small bell tied on with a leather string, and appears to have been worked by the scars on his shoulders, and trots and gallops. Posted and appraised to 71.

CARY HARRISON.

THIS is to give NOTICE, that the executors of Col. CHARLES CARTER, deceased, will attend at Mr. ANTHONY HAY'S in *Williamsburg*, from the first until the 6th day of *May* next, to receive the payments then due upon bond, from the several purchasers of slaves sold by them on the 9th day of *November* 1767, at *Rocky Ridge* in *Chesterfield* county. And the executors further desire those Gentlemen to whom any of the bonds then taken were paid, to attend there also, if they find it needful, that the executors may be discharged for their value. For, as it is their duty to settle the testator's accounts, and satisfy his creditors, as soon as possible, they will not only expect, but insist upon a punctuality, as well in the first as last payments; otherwise the bonds will be immediately put into the hands of a diligent attorney.

To be SOLD *on* Wednesday *the 11th day of* May, *at* Poplar Neck, *in* CAROLINE *county, if fair, if not, the next fair day,*

A QUARTER belonging to the estate of Col. JOHN CORBIN, deceased; all the personal estate of the late Mrs. *Lettice Corbin*, deceased, consisting of a neat POST CHARIOT, with 6 harnesses and 6 horses; also a great variety of neat house and kitchen furniture, and a large stock of cattle, hogs, sheep and horses. Credit will be allowed for all sums above forty shillings, until the 25th of *April* 1769, the purchasers giving bond and security to

JOHN TURBERVILLE, Admr

Maryland, Prince George's county, March 13th, 1768.

STOLEN from the subscriber, on *Tuesday* night, the eighth of this instant, a large sorrel mare, near 15 hands high, branded on the near buttock IS; she has a large star on her forehead, paces very fast, inclinable to trot up hill, takes up one of her hind feet as if a little lame, shod all fours, and her shoes corked, her make before, and countenance, much resembles a stallion. Whoever brings her to the subscriber, shall have eight dollars reward, with reasonable charges if brought home, and sixteen for the thief if he be convicted, paid by

HUMPHREY BELT

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, before Mr. Hay's *door, in* Williamsburg, *on* Monday *the 2d day of* May *next,*

THE VALUABLE PLANTATION at *Capahosick* ferry, *York* county, containing about thirteen hundred acres, so well known, and so particularly described for its many advantages in a former advertisement. The time of payment to be made agreeable to the Hon. *William Nelson*, Esq; who will make it easy to the purchaser. FRANCIS WILLIS.

Feb. 10, 1768.

To be SOLD *at private* SALE,

SIX THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED ACRES of LAND in *Charles City*, pleasantly situate on *James* river; 4 acres of land, with a water grist mill, on *Mayse*'s creek, in the same county; and two thousand acres of land in *Halifax* county; they will be sold altogether, or divided into lots, as may best suit the purchasers. These lands were the estate of Mr. *William Kennon*, and are conveyed to us (with others his trustees) for the benefit of his creditors. As a sale of these lands has been before advertised, but not effected; it may not be improper, to assure the public, that an absolute disposal of them is now intended; and that we shall be ready at all times to receive proposals for the whole, or any part thereof. Mr. *John Christian* (who lives thereon) will shew the land in *Charles City*.

RICHARD RANDOLPH,
JAMES BELSCHES,
JERMAN BAKER.

To be SOLD, on twelve Months Credit,

ABOUT Twenty Thousand Acres of Land, in the County of *Amherst*. Apply to Col. *William Cabell* (who is Attorney for the Executors of *Philip Grymes*, Esq; deceased, and lives in the County of *Amherst*) or to the Subscriber.

LUNSFORD LOMAX, jun.

N. B. An indisputable Title will be made, and the Land laid off in Lots, as may suit the Purchasers.

Charles City, September 28, 1767.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, on *Dan* river, near *Boyd*'s ford, containing 1010 acres, about 500 of which is very fine low ground. Also, one other tract, on *Banister* river, containing about 1300 acres five hundred of this is fine low ground, and the high land extremely good; both these plantations are in excellent order for cropping, with fifteen hands each. Also, one other tract, of about 1600 acres, in *Brunswick* county, near *Sweed*'s bridge; this is fine lively land, about 30 miles from *Bolling's Point*, has good buildings on it, and is in good order for cropping. On the above plantations, are large stocks, and about sixty negroes; the whole or any part of which will be sold. For terms apply to

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

SCHEME *of a* LOTTERY

FOR disposing of one hundred and forty-six LOTS of LAND, in the town of *Hanover*, yet remaining unsold. The least valuable of the lots, according to the prices of those most remote from the river, which have been sold, not being less than £. 20, which is far below what was given for several near the river.

	lots	value	rents
		£.	£.
Inspection at *Page*'s, 5 lots at 12 years purchase,	-	840	70
Do. *Crutchfield*'s, 6 lots at do.	-	720	60
		1560	130
Lots improved, each half acre, at £. 20 -	135	2700	
		4260	130
137 Prizes. - - - -	137		
263 Blanks.			
400 Tickets at £. 10 each,	-	4000	

The said lottery will be drawn at Mr. *Anthony Hay*'s in *Williamsburg*, on the 4th *Thursday* in *April* 1768. Those who do not pay for their tickets on the day of drawing, may give bond to carry interest from that time. *Robert Carter Nicholas, George Wythe, Thomas Everard, John Thompson*, and *Jerman Baker*, Esqrs; managers, or any three, of whom tickets may be had, and of the subscriber. MANN PAGE.

THE executors having been disappointed in the SALE of the LANDS belonging to the late Col. *Charles Carter*, of *King George* (according to act of assembly impowering them) at Mr. *Neavill*'s ordinary, on the 15th of *September*, as before advertised, give notice, that they are at all times ready to treat with any person for any part of those Lands, *to wit*, Fourteen thousand acres of valuable high and low grounds, in *Prince William* and *Fauquier* counties, on *Broad Run* and *Kettle Run*, which are already laid off in lots; within 25 or 30 miles of public navigation, both on *Potowmack* and *Rappahannock* rivers, abounding in fine streams for mills, and timber very sufficient for all kinds of plantation use.

LANDON CARTER,
tf CHARLES CARTER.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by WILLIAM RIND, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, on the main Street. All Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE at 12*s*6 *per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inserted for 3*s*. the First Week, and 2*s*. each Time after: And long ones in Proportion.